# Justification for the selection of a candidate CoRAP substance

Substance Name (Public Name):	1,2-dichlorobenzene
Chemical Group:	
EC Number:	202-425-9
CAS Number:	95-50-1
Submitted by:	National Institute of Chemical Safety, Hungary
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#### NOTE

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

#### Contents

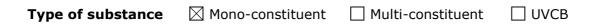
1	IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE	. 3
	1.1 Name and other identifiers of the substance	. 3
2	CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING	. 4
	2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP	. 4
	2.2 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP	. 5
	2.3 Self classification	. 5
3	JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE CORAP SUBSTANCE	. 5
	3.1 Legal basis for the proposal	. 5
	3.2 Grounds for concern	. 6
	3.3 Information on aggregated tonnage and uses	. 6
	3.4 Other completed/ongoing regulatory processes that may affect	
	suitability for substance evaluation	. 6
	3.5 Information to be requested to clarify the suspected risk	
	3.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management	

#### **1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE**

#### **1.1 Name and other identifiers of the substance**

#### Table 1: Substance identity

Public Name:	1,2-dichlorobenzene
EC number:	202-425-9
EC name:	1,2-dichlorobenzene
CAS number (in the EC inventory):	95-50-1
CAS number:	95-50-1
CAS name:	Benzene, 1,2-dichloro-
IUPAC name:	1,2-dichlorobenzene
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	602-034-00-7
Molecular formula:	C6H4Cl2
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	147.002 g/mol
Synonyms:	benzene, o-dichloro-benzene, 1,2-dichloro-o- dichlorobenzol, o-dichlorobenzene, 1,2- dichlorobenzol, 1,2-dichlorobenzene, mixtutre orto and paradichlorobenzenes ortodichlorobenzene



Structural formula:

CI

# 2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

## 2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

<u>CLP:</u>	Index No.:	602-034-00-7
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Classification		Labelling			Specific Conc.	Notes
Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Hazard state- ment Code(s)	Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard state- ment Code(s)	Suppl. Hazard statement Code(s)	Limits, M- factors	
Acute Tox. 4 *	H302	GHS07	H302		*	
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	GHS09	H319			
STOT SE 3	H335	Wng	H335 H315			
Skin Irrit. 2	H315		H410			
Aquatic Acute 1	H400					
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410					

#### Hazard statements:

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### DSD: Index No.: 602-034-00-7

Classification	Labelling	Concentration Limits	Notes
Xn; R22	Xn; N	Xn; R22: C ≥ 5 %	
Xi; R36/37/38	R: 22-36/37/38-50/53 S: (2-)23-60-61		
N; R50-53			

#### **Risk phrases:**

R22 - harmful if swallowed

R36/37/38 - irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

 $\mathsf{R50}/\mathsf{53}$  - very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

# 2.2 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

N.A.

### 2.3 Self classification

#### <u>CLP:</u>

The registration data includes the harmonized classification in Annex VI of the CLP (except for Aquatic Acute 1) and in addition the following self-classification:

Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Hazard statement Code(s)		Specific Concentration Limits, M-factors
Skin sens. 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.	

#### DSD:

The registration data includes the harmonized classification in Annex VI of the CLP an in addition the following self-classification:

Classification	Labelling	Concentration Limits	Notes
, -	Xn; N R: 20/-43		
Xi, R43	S: 36/37/39		

In addition to the harmonized classification and the self classifications by the registrants, are the following classification notified to the Classification and Labelling Inventory:

Acute Tox. 3; H331: Toxic if inhaled.

## **3 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE** CORAP SUBSTANCE

#### **3.1 Legal basis for the proposal**

 $\boxtimes$  Article 44(1) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)

Article 45(5) (Member State priority)

#### **3.2 Grounds for concern**

(Suspected) CMR	🖾 Wide dispersive use	Cumulative exposure
(Suspected) Sensitiser	Consumer use	High RCR
□ (Suspected) PBT	Exposure of sensitive populations	Aggregated tonnage
Suspected endocrine disruptor	$oxed{intermatrix}$ Other (provide further details below)	

The repeated dose studies clearly show that liver and kidney are target organs of toxicity. In the literature the bioaccumulation data of 1,2-dichlorobenzene represented by biocontrentration factor (BCF) are very high in the algae (Selenastrum capricorulum) and carnivore fishes showing the bioaccumulation in the food chain.

#### 3.3 Information on aggregated tonnage and uses

🗌 1 – 10 tpa		🗌 10 – 100 tpa		🗌 100 – 1000 tpa	
□ 1000 - 10,000 tpa 🛛 10,000 - 100,		.000 tpa			
🗌 100,000 - 1000,000 tp	□ 100,000 - 1000,000 tpa □ > 1000,000 tp		ba		
Confidential					
10,000 - 100,000 tonnes per annum, according to ECHA's dissemination website.					
🛛 Industrial use	🛛 Profe	essional use		!	Closed System
<ul> <li>Industrial use as intermediate</li> <li>Industrial use as solvent</li> <li>Non-industrial use in analytical laboratories</li> <li>Professional use as heat transfer fluid</li> </ul>					

# **3.4 Other completed/ongoing regulatory processes that may affect suitability for substance evaluation**

Dangerous substances Directive 67/548/EEC
Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC
Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC
Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC
Other (provide further details below)
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### **3.5 Information to be requested to clarify the suspected risk**

Information on toxicological properties	☐ Information on physico-chemical properties		
Information on fate and behaviour	imes Information on exposure		
☐ Information on ecotoxicological properties	Information on uses		
Other (provide further details below)			
Depending of the outcome of evaluation other information may also be requested.			

# 3.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management

Restriction	Harmonised C&L	Authorisation	Other (provide further details)
Depending on the outcome of the substance evaluation the amendment of the harmonized classification and labelling of the substance is possible.			