Justification for the selection of a substance for CoRAP inclusion

Substance Name (Public Name):	oxydipropyl dibenzoate
Chemical Group:	organic
EC Number:	248-258-5
CAS Number:	27138-31-4
Submitted by:	Latvia
Date:	17/03/2015

Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

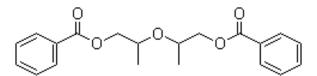
1.1 Other identifiers of the substance

Table 1: Substance identity

EC name:	Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	
IUPAC name:	1-[2-(benzoyloxy)propoxy]propan-2-yl benzoate	
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	-	
Molecular formula:	С20Н22О5	
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	342.389	
Synonyms/Trade names:	Benzoflex 9-88 Benzoflex 9-88 SG Benzoflex TPU 405	

Type of substance Mono-constituent Multi-constituent UVCB

Structural formula:

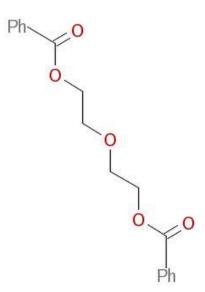


1.2 Similar substances/grouping possibilities

EC name:	Oxydiethylene dibenzoate	
IUPAC name:	oxydiethane-2,1-diyl dibenzoate	
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	-	
Molecular formula:	C18H18O5	
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	314.3325	
Synonyms/Trade names:	Benzoflex 2-45 Diethylene glycol, dibenzoate Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-, dibenzoate Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-, dibenzoate	

Table 2: Similar substance identity

Structural formula:



2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

No harmonised classification.

2.2 Self classification

• In the registration

<u>Classification and labelling according to CLP/GHS</u> Aquatic Chronic 3; H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. P273: Avoid release to the environment. P501: Dispose of contents/container to...

PS01. Dispose of contents/container to...

<u>Classification and labelling according to Directive 67/548/EEC</u> N; R51/53 - toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment S60 - this material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste

S61 - avoid release to the environment. refer to special instructions/safety data sheets

• The following hazard classes are in addition notified among the aggregated self classifications in the C&L Inventory:

Repr. 2; H361 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 Eye Irrit. 2; H319

2.3 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

None

3 INFORMATION ON AGGREGATED TONNAGE AND USES

From ECHA dissemination site					
🗌 1 – 10 tpa		🗌 10 – 100 tpa		🗌 100 – 1000 tpa	
⊠ 1000 – 10,000 tpa □ 10,000 – 10		□ 10,000 - 100,	,000 tpa	🗌 100,000 – 1,000,000 tpa	
□ 1,000,000 - 10,000,00	- 10,000,000 tpa		100,000,000 tpa	□ > 100,000,000 tpa	
□ <1 >+ tpa (e.g. 10+ ; 100+ ; 10,000+ tpa) □ Confidential			idential		
🛛 Industrial use	🛛 Profe	essional use	🛛 Consumer use	1	Closed System
Plasticizer for PVC Adhesives & sealants Coatings & Inks Agricultural chemicals (carrier) Cosmetics & personal care					

4 OTHER COMPLETED/ONGOING REGULATORY PROCESSES THAT MAY AFFECT SUITABILITY FOR SUBSTANCE EVALUATION

Compliance check, Final decision	Dangerous substances Directive 67/548/EEC
Testing proposal	Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC
Annex VI (CLP)	Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC
Annex XV (SVHC)	Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC; Biocidal Product Regulation (Regulation (EU) 528/2012)
Annex XIV (Authorisation)	Other (provide further details below)
Annex XVII (Restriction)	

5 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE CORAP SUBSTANCE

5.1 Legal basis for the proposal

 \boxtimes Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)

Article 45(5) (Member State priority)

5.2 Selection criteria met (why the substance qualifies for being in CoRAP)

- \boxtimes Fulfils criteria as CMR/ Suspected CMR
- Fulfils criteria as Sensitiser/ Suspected sensitiser
- □ Fulfils criteria as potential endocrine disrupter
- □ Fulfils criteria as PBT/vPvB / Suspected PBT/vPvB
- \boxtimes Fulfils criteria high (aggregated) tonnage (*tpa* > 1000)
- \boxtimes Fulfils exposure criteria
- □ Fulfils MS's (national) priorities

5.3 Initial grounds for concern to be clarified under Substance Evaluation

Hazard based concerns				
CMR	Suspected CMR^1 $\square C \square M \square R$ \square Potential endocrine disruptor			
Sensitiser	Suspected Sensitiser ¹			
PBT/vPvB	PBT/vPvB Suspected PBT/vPvB ¹ Other (please specify below			
Exposure/risk based concerns				
☑ Wide dispersive use	🛛 Consumer use	Exposure of sensitive populations		
Exposure of environment	Exposure of workers	Cumulative exposure		
High RCR	igtimes High (aggregated) tonnage	Other (please specify below)		

<u>CMR/Sensitiser</u>: known carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/known sensitising properties (according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification or CLP Inventory) <u>Suspected CMR/Suspected sensitiser</u>: suspected carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/suspected sensitising properties (not classified according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification)

Suspected PBT: Potentially Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

16 notifiers have notified oxydipropyl dibenzoate (DPGDB, EC 248-258-5) as Repr. 2 in C&L inventory.

In a study according to OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study) with the substance the registrant has indicated embryotoxic/teratogenic effects in rats.

An association between treatment at 1000 and 500 mg/kg/day and the greater number of fetuses with incomplete ossification of the 5th and or 6th sternebrae cannot be discounted particularly since a delay in ossification would be expected to be the most sensitive marker of an effect on pre-natal development where treatment has continued through to the day before sacrifice (treatment period: Days 6 to 19 of gestation). The assessment of fetal ossification on Day 20 of gestation represents a snapshot in time as the ossification will continue as the animals grow and mature. Although the relationship of these findings to treatment is uncertain they are considered to be transient in nature rather than representing permanent structural changes and therefore are considered to be of no long-term toxicological importance.

The increase in cervical ribs at 1000 mg/kg/day is considered to be of greater toxicological significance as it occurred at a dosage which has not produced any detectable signs of maternal toxicity however cervical ribs were only found in a small number of fetuses (10/155) at the limit dosage of 1000 mg/kg/day and there was no concomitant change in vertebral configuration. This endpoint should be further examined an clarified under SEV.

Additionally the substance has wide dispersive use with potential exposure to workers, professionals and consumers. DPGDB is not classified for human health end-points therefore a human health risk assessment was not conducted. Local soil, sediment and water compartment RCSs are close to 1 for some ESs. Exposure considerations should also be taken into account under SEV.

5.4 Preliminary indication of information that may need to be requested to clarify the concern

Information on toxicological properties	Information on physico-chemical properties
Information on fate and behaviour	Information on exposure
Information on ecotoxicological properties	Information on uses
Information ED potential	Other (provide further details below)

5.5 Potential follow-up and link to risk management

Restriction	Authorisation	Other (provide further details)
	Restriction	Restriction Authorisation