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Helsinki, 20 August 2019

Addressee:

Decision number: TPE-D-2114479061-52-01/F

Substance name: Nonane-1,9-diol

EC number: 223-517-5 CAS number: 3937-56-2

Registration number: Submission number:

Submission date: 11/05/2018

Registered tonnage band: 100-1000

DECISION ON A TESTING PROPOSAL

Based on Article 40 of Regulation ((EC) No 1907/2006) (the REACH Regulation), ECHA examined your testing proposal(s) and decided as follows.

Your testing proposal is accepted and you are requested to carry out:

1. Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day), oral route (Annex IX, Section 8.6.2.; test method: OECD TG 408) in rats using the registered substance.

You have to submit the requested information in an updated registration dossier by **27 August 2020**. You shall also update the chemical safety report, where relevant.

The reasons for this decision are set out in Appendix 1. The procedural history is described in Appendix 2 and advice and further observations are provided in Appendix 3.

This decision does not address the information requirement of the Extended one-generation reproductive toxicity study according to Annex IX, Section 8.7.3. of the REACH Regulation. The results of the Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) will be used, among other relevant information, to decide on the study design of the Extended one generation reproductive toxicity study. Therefore, your testing proposal for Extended one-generation reproductive toxicity study will be addressed after having received the results of the Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day).

Appeal

This decision can be appealed to the Board of Appeal of ECHA within three months of its notification. An appeal, together with the grounds thereof, has to be submitted to ECHA in writing. An appeal has suspensive effect and is subject to a fee. Further details are described under: http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/appeals.

Authorised¹ by Wim De Coen, Head of Unit, Hazard Assessment.

¹ As this is an electronic document, it is not physically signed. This communication has been approved according to ECHA's internal decision-approval process.



Appendix 1: Reasons

The decision of ECHA is based on the examination of the testing proposal submitted by you and scientific information submitted by third parties. Note scientific information submitted by third parties for both sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) and extended one-generation reproductive toxicity study.

1. Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) (Annex IX, Section 8.6.2.)

Pursuant to Article 40(3)(a) of the REACH Regulation, ECHA may require the Registrant to carry out the proposed test.

a) Examination of the testing proposal

A sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) is a standard information requirement as laid down in Annex IX, Section 8.6.2. of the REACH Regulation. The information on this endpoint is not available for the registered substance but needs to be present in the technical dossier to meet the information requirements. Consequently there is an information gap and it is necessary to provide information for this endpoint.

You have submitted a testing proposal for a sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) in rats by the oral route according to OECD TG 408.

ECHA requested your considerations for alternative methods to fulfil the information requirement for Sub-chronic toxicity (90-day): oral. ECHA notes that you provided your considerations concluding that there were no alternative methods which could be used to adapt the information requirement(s) for which testing is proposed. ECHA has taken these considerations into account.

You proposed testing by the oral route. Based on the information provided in the technical dossier and/or in the chemical safety report, ECHA agrees that the oral route - which is the preferred one as indicated in ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment (version 6.0, July 2017) Chapter R.7a, Section R.7.5.4.3 - is the most appropriate route of administration. More specifically, the registered substance is a solid, which it is either heated up to a liquid form for use, or transported as solid (non-granular) blocks. There are no indications for significant inhalation exposure of humans. Hence, the test shall be performed by the oral route using the test method OECD TG 408.

Therefore, ECHA considers that the proposed study performed by the oral route is appropriate to fulfil the information requirement of Annex IX, Section 8.6.2. of the REACH Regulation.

You proposed testing in rats. According to the test method OECD TG 408 the rat is the preferred species. ECHA considers this species as being appropriate and testing should be performed with the rat.

b) Consideration of the information received during third party consultation

ECHA received third party information concerning the testing proposal during the third party consultation. For the reasons explained further below the information provided by third parties is not sufficient to fulfil this information requirement.

Third party information 1: The third party has indicated "In the published Registration Dossier, no repeated toxicity has been carried out. An oral 90-day study in the rat according to OECD 408 guidelines using the test substance nonanediol (CAS 3937-56-2) is proposed.

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While this study is data requirement at the tonnage band at which the substance is registered. If the proposed study is confirmed by ECHA, it should be performed in a stepwise manner to avoid unnecessary testing (e.g. if clearly adverse effects sufficient for classification are seen in a study in the initial species)". As stated above, ECHA will examine your testing proposal for extended one-generation reproductive toxicity study after having received the results of the sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day). Thus, ECHA agrees that a step-wise approach is being applied for a number of reasons including to avoid unneccessary testing.

c) Outcome

Therefore, pursuant to Article 40(3)(a) of the REACH Regulation, you are requested to carry out the proposed study with the registered substance subject to the present decision: Subchronic toxicity study (90-day) in rats, oral route (test method: OECD TG 408).

Notes for your considerations:

You submitted a testing proposal for an Extended one-generation reproductive toxicity study (Annex IX, 8.7.3.). However, this testing proposal is not addressed in this decision because the results of the Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) are considered crucial to inform on the study design of the Extended one-generation reproductive toxicity study. Therefore, you are required to perform the Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) first, and submit the results by the deadline indicated above.

Together with providing the results for the requested Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day), you may also consider updating your testing proposal for the Extended one-generation reproductive toxicity study. The updated testing proposal should include a justification for the design of the Extended one-generation reproductive toxicity study following ECHA *Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment* Chapter R.7a, Section R.7.6 (version 6.0, July 2017), taking into account the results of the Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day).

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Appendix 2: Procedural history

ECHA received your registration containing the testing proposals for examination in accordance with Article 40(1) on 11 May 2018.

ECHA held a third party consultation for the testing proposals from 05 July 2018 until 20 August 2018. ECHA received information from third parties (see Appendix 1).

This decision does not take into account any updates after **3 January 2019**, 30 calendar days after the end of the commenting period.

ECHA notified you of the draft decision and invited you to provide comments.

ECHA did not receive any comments by the end of the commenting period.

ECHA notified the draft decision to the competent authorities of the Member States for proposals for amendment.

As no amendments were proposed, ECHA took the decision according to Article 51(3) of the REACH Regulation.



Appendix 3: Further information, observations and technical guidance

- 1. This decision does not imply that the information provided in your registration dossier is in compliance with the REACH requirements. The decision does not prevent ECHA from initiating a compliance check on the registration at a later stage.
- 2. Failure to comply with the requests in this decision will result in a notification to the enforcement authorities of the Member States.
- 3. In carrying out the tests required by the present decision, it is important to ensure that the particular sample of substance tested is appropriate to assess the properties of the registered substance, taking into account any variation in the composition of the technical grade of the substance as actually manufactured or imported. If the registration of the substance covers different grades, the sample used for the new tests must be suitable to assess these.

Furthermore, there must be adequate information on substance identity for the sample tested and the grades registered to enable the relevance of the tests to be assessed.