Justification for the selection of a substance for CoRAP inclusion

Bis(2-ethylhexyl) 4,4'-{6-[4-tert-

Substance Name (Public Name): butylcarbamoyl)anilino]-1,3,5-triazine-

2,4-diyldiimino}dibenzoate

Chemical Group:

EC Number: 421-450-8

CAS Number: 154702-15-5

Submitted by: Germany

Date: 17/03/2015

Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

1.1 Other identifiers of the substance

Table 1: Substance identity

EC name:	n/a
IUPAC name:	Bis(2-ethylhexyl) 4,4'-{6-[4-tert-butylcarbamoyl)anilino]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyldiimino}dibenzoate
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	
Molecular formula:	$C_{44}H_{59}N_7O_5$
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	765.9834 g·mol⁻¹
Synonyms/Trade names:	Iscotrinizol Diethylhexyl butamido triazone Dioctylbutamidotriazone RA 3643 Uvasorb HEB

Structural formula:

2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

The substance is not listed in Annex VI of the CLP regulation.

2.2 Self classification

- In the registration:
 - No classification proposed
- The following hazard classes are in addition notified among the aggregated self classifications in the C&L Inventory:
 - Aquatic chronic 3;H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
 - Aquatic chronic 3; H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

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2.3 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

No proposal for harmonised classification is publically available.

3 INFORMATION ON AGGREGATED TONNAGE AND USES

From ECHA dissemination site						
☐ 1 - 10 tpa		☐ 10 - 100 tpa		⊠ 100 – 1000 tpa		
☐ 1000 - 10,000 tpa		☐ 10,000 - 100,000 tpa		□ 100,0	000 - 1,000,000 tpa	
	0 tpa	☐ 10,000,000 - 100,000,000 tpa		☐ > 100,000,000 tpa		
□ <1 > +	⊦ tpa (e.	.g. 10+ ; 100+ ; 10,000+ tpa)		☐ Confidential		
•						
☐ Industrial use ☐ Prof		essional use 🛮 Consumer use		9	☐ Closed System	
The substance is used as UV filter in personal care and cosmetic products.						
4 OTHER COMPLETED/ONGOING REGULATORY PROCESSES						

4 OTHER COMPLETED/ONGOING REGULATORY PROCESSES THAT MAY AFFECT SUITABILITY FOR SUBSTANCE EVALUATION

☐ Compliance check, Final decision	☐ Dangerous substances Directive 67/548/EEC		
☐ Testing proposal	☐ Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC		
☐ Annex VI (CLP)	☐ Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC		
☐ Annex XV (SVHC)	☐ Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC ; Biocidal Product Regulation (Regulation (EU) 528/2012)		
☐ Annex XIV (Authorisation)	☑ Other (provide further details below)		
☐ Annex XVII (Restriction)			
The substance (EC 421-450-8) has previously been registered as a NONS with confidential tonnage data.			

5 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE

CORAP SUBSTANCE

5.1 Legal basis for the proposal

☑ Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)☐ Article 45(5) (Member State priority)
5.2 Selection criteria met (why the substance qualifies for being in CoRAP)
☐ Fulfils criteria as CMR/ Suspected CMR
☐ Fulfils criteria as Sensitiser/ Suspected sensitiser
☐ Fulfils criteria as potential endocrine disrupter
□ Fulfils criteria as PBT/vPvB / Suspected PBT/vPvB
\square Fulfils criteria high (aggregated) tonnage ($tpa > 1000$)
□ Fulfils exposure criteria
☐ Fulfils MS's (national) priorities

5.3 Initial grounds for concern to be clarified under **Substance Evaluation**

Hazard based concerns				
CMR □C □M □R	Suspected CMR ¹ C M R	☐ Potential endocrine disruptor		
Sensitiser	☐ Suspected Sensitiser ¹			
☐ PBT/vPvB	Suspected PBT/vPvB ¹	☐ Other (please specify below)		
Exposure/risk based concerns				
☐ Wide dispersive use	☐ Consumer use	☐ Exposure of sensitive populations		
□ Exposure of environment	☐ Exposure of workers	☐ Cumulative exposure		
☐ High RCR	☐ High (aggregated) tonnage	☐ Other (please specify below)		

Suspected PBT: Potentially Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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CMR/Sensitiser: known carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/known sensitising properties (according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification or CLP Inventory) Suspected CMR/Suspected sensitiser: suspected carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/suspected sensitising properties (not classified according to CLP harmonized or registrant selfclassification)

JUSTIFICATION DOCUMENT FOR THE SELECTION OF A CORAP SUBSTANCE

The substance is fulfilling the screening criteria for persistence and bioaccumulation as defined in Annex XIII, i.e.

P/vP criterion

The substance is not readily biodegradable. The available data do not allow assessing degradation in environmental compartments.

B/vB criterion

The log Pow of the substance is in the range of the screening criterion for bioaccumulation. No measured data on bioconcentration in fish are available. The substance is therefore considered to be potentially bioaccumulative.

T criterion

Self-classification of the substance as Aquatic Chronic 3 has to be checked. Short-term studies on aquatic ecotoxicology are available for fish and aquatic invertebrates. Long-term toxicity on fish was predicted using QSAR. Based on the available data, a definitive conclusion on toxicity cannot be drawn.

Exposure

Due to the use of the substance as a UV-filter in cosmetics, an environmental exposure is likely.

5.4 Preliminary indication of information that may need to be requested to clarify the concern

☐ Information on toxicological properties	☐ Information on physico-chemical properties			
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Information on fate and behaviour	☐ Information on exposure			
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Information on ecotoxicological properties	☐ Information on uses			
☐ Information ED potential	☐ Other (provide further details below)			
P/vP criterion Further information on biodegradation is required to clarify whether the substance is persistent or very persistent. B/vB criterion				
Further information on bioaccumulation is required to clarify whether the substance is bioaccumulative or very bioaccumulative.				
T criterion				
Further evaluation and, if necessary, further testing is required to clarify whether the substance is toxic.				

5.5 Potential follow-up and link to risk management

	□ Restriction		☐ Other (provide further details)					
If the substance is identified as a PBT/vPvB substance, an analysis of risk management options will be carried out, taking into account information on use and exposure. Potential options are the inclusion in the Candidate List with or without Authorisation, but also Restriction and Harmonized Classification and Labelling.								