# Justification for the selection of a candidate CoRAP substance

## - UPDATE -

Substance Name (EC Name): Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched

Chemical Group: Organic

**EC Number:** 284-325-5

**CAS Number:** 84852-15-3

Submitted by: UK CA

**Published:** 20/03/2013

Update 26/03/2014

#### Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

#### **Contents**

1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

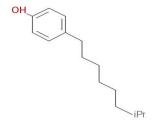
#### 1.1 Name and other identifiers of the substance

**Table 1: Substance identity** 

Public Name:	Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched
EC number:	284-325-5
EC name:	Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched
CAS number (in the EC inventory):	84852-15-3
CAS number:	84852-15-3
CAS name:	Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched
IUPAC name:	
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	601-053-00-8
Molecular formula:	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	220.3505
	p-nonylphenol
	Nonylphenol
Synonyms:	Isononylphenol
	Trade names: PNP, O03053, NONPH- NONYLPHENOL

ype of substance	Mono-constituent		☐ UVCB
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#### Structural formula:



<sup>\*</sup> Commercially produced nonylphenols are predominantly 4-nonylphenol isomers having a varied and undefined degree of branching in the alkyl group. Some registrations have been made as UVCB.

#### 2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

#### 2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

Index number: 601-053-00-8 (includes nonylphenol)

CLP:

Repr. 2; H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Acute Tox. 4 \*: H302: Harmful if swallowed

Skin Corr. 1B: H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Aquatic Acute 1: H400: Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Chronic 1: H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

DSD:

Repr. Cat. 3; R62-63; Possible risk of impaired fertility. Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

Xn; R22; Harmful if swallowed.

C; R34; Causes burns.

N; R50-53; Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

# 2.2 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

None.

#### 2.3 Self classification

The classifications given in the registrations and notified to the C&L Inventory are essentially the same as the harmonised one. Additional classification is made for:

M-factor=10 for Aquatic Acute 1

and

Eye Dam. 1; H318: Causes serious eye damage.

A number of notifications in the Classification and labelling inventory also include the following classification:

Eye dam. 1: H318: Causes serious eye damage

M-factor=10 for Aquatic Acute and Chronic 1

"Not Classified" is given in one notification.

# 3 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE **CORAP SUBSTANCE**

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	rioritisation criteria for substance	evaluation)		
Article 45(5) (Member	State priority)			
3.2 Grounds for concern				
☐ Suspected CMR				
Sensitiser	☐ Consumer use ☐ High RCR			
Suspected PBT	☐ Exposure of sensitive populations ☐ Aggregated tonnage			
☐ Suspected endocrine disruptor	Other (provide further details below)			
Environment:				
under the Water Framework Direct marketing and use under REACH water are eliminated. However not rivers. This suggests that either are sources of NP that are not accompanied to the substance evaluation would be whether all potential uses are with available monitoring data.	ne disruptor. The substance is a prective (WFD) and is already subject. The WFD requires that all NP emponitoring data indicates that NP occurrent risk management measured dequately considered in the current used to assess the registrant's eadequately addressed and quantification of emission reductions and the current projections of emission reductions in textiles would also be considered.	t to specific restrictions in its alissions and discharges to continues to be emitted to UK es are insufficient or that there at registrations.  Exposure assessment to check ified, especially in comparison on arising from the proposed		
confirmation of background cor	the UK indicates that substan acentrations through monitoring, asis for the aquatic PNEC could be be possible).	further elaboration of sources		
(EC no. 284-323-4) as an impur	ssessment commercial nonylpheno ity. That substance was predicted will be considered as part of the ev	to screen as PBT (PBT list no.		
3.3 Information on aggregated tonnage and uses				
☐ 1 – 10 tpa	☐ 10 – 100 tpa	☐ 100 – 1000 tpa		
☐ 1000 – 10,000 tpa	⊠ 10,000 – 100,000 tpa			
☐ 100,000 – 1000,000 tpa	☐ > 1000,000 tpa			
Confidential				

### JUSTIFICATION DOCUMENT FOR THE SELECTION OF A CORAP SUBSTANCE

-				
	□ Professional use	☐ Consumer use	☐ Closed System	
Industrial uses:				
Manufacture and application of coatings or inks Application of tackifier in manufacture of tyres and rubber products Formulation of adhesives and paints Industrial end-use of paints and adhesives Use as a monomer in production of polymers Use as an intermediate – production of ethoxylates, Phenolic oximes, TNPP Use as an intermediate - Plastic Stabiliser Production Use of ethoxylate in emulsion polymerization				
Professional uses:				
Coatings and inks application Use of adhesives, outdoor & indoor				
Consumer uses:				
Use of adhesives Use of coatings and paints				
3.4 Other completed/ongoing regulatory processes that may affect suitability for substance evaluation				
☐ Compliance check final	decision	☐ Dangerous substances	Directive 67/548/EEC	

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☐ Testing proposal			
☐ Annex VI (CLP)	☐ Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC		
☐ Annex XV (SVHC)	☐ Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC		
☐ Annex XIV (Authorisation)	☐ Other (provide further details below)		
☐ Annex XVII (Restriction)			
Annex VI (CLP) see 2.1			
Frieding College Parallelian Commission	I (Final DA Danant 2002)		
Existing Substances Regulation – Completed	l (Final RA Report 2002)		
	(Final RA Report 2002) se has been agreed by the MSC as an SVHC due		
Annex XV (SVHC) – Completed: The substanct to endocrine disrupting properties in fish.	re is a current restriction (Annex XVII entry 46)		
Annex XV (SVHC) – Completed: The substanct to endocrine disrupting properties in fish.  Annex XVII (Restriction) – Completed - The	re is a current restriction (Annex XVII entry 46) hoxylates.		
Annex XV (SVHC) – Completed: The substanct to endocrine disrupting properties in fish.  Annex XVII (Restriction) – Completed - The on certain uses of nonylphenol & nonylphenol et	re is a current restriction (Annex XVII entry 46) hoxylates.		
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#### JUSTIFICATION DOCUMENT FOR THE SELECTION OF A CORAP SUBSTANCE

# 3.5 Information to be requested to clarify the suspected risk

$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Information on toxic	ological properties	☐ Information	on physico-chemical properties	
☐ Information on fate	and behaviour		on exposure	
☐ Information on ecoto	oxicological properties	☐ Information	on uses	
Other (provide furth	Other (provide further details below)			
The following may be needed;  Further clarification on how exposure estimates were derived including scaling. Additional information from downstream users about environmental exposure from substances manufactured from nonylphenol. Confirmation of background concentrations through monitoring, further elaboration of sources into the environment and the basis for the aquatic PNEC could be verified (a species sensitivity distribution approach may now be possible).				
3.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management				
Restriction	☐ Harmonised C&L	Authorisation	☐ Other (provide further details)	
This will depend on the outcome of the evaluation.				