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# Justification Document for the Selection of a CoRAP Substance

### -Update-

**Substance Name (public name):** 1,1,1,3,5,5,5-heptamethyltrisiloxane

**EC Number:** 217-496-1 **CAS Number:** 1873-88-7

Authority: NO CA

PL CA

**Date:** 22/03/2016 (UK)

20/03/2018 (1. Update) (UK)

19/03/2019 (2. Update) (NO, PL)

#### Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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### 1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

### 1.1 Other identifiers of the substance

**Table: Other Substance identifiers** 

EC name (public):	1,1,1,3,5,5,5-heptamethyltrisiloxane		
IUPAC name (public):	1,1,1,3,5,5,5-heptamethyltrisiloxane		
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation:	Not applicable		
Molecular formula:	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>3</sub>		
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	222.51		
Synonyms:	BLUESIL HEPTAMETHYLTRISILOXANE		

<b>Type of substance</b> $oxtimes$ Mono-constituent $oxdot$ Multi-cons	ituent 🗀 UVCB
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#### Structural formula:

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### 1.2 Similar substances/grouping possibilities

The structurally related chemicals hexamethyldisiloxane, octamethyltrisiloxane, decamethyltetrasiloxane and dodecamethyltetrasiloxane could be included to form a category for evaluation. The registrant has also proposed to use data generated on 1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane.

Name	CAS No	EC No	Comments
Hexamethyldisiloxane (L2)	107-46-0	203-492-7	Registered, SEV by
			UKCA in 2013
Octamethyltrisiloxane	107-51-7	203-497-4	Registered, SEV by
(L3)			UKCA in 2015
Decamethyltetrasiloxane (L4)	141-62-8	205-491-7	Registered, SEV by
			UKCA in 2015
Dodecamethyltetrasiloxane	141-63-9	205-492-2	Registered, SEV by
(L5)			UKCA in 2015
1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane	3277-26-7	221-906-4	Registered – read
			across proposed

#### Structural formula:

Hexamethyldisiloxane (L2)	Si Si
Octamethyltrisiloxane (L3)	Si Si Si
Decamethyltetrasiloxane (L4)	Si o Si o Si
Dodecamethyltetrasiloxane (L5)	
1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane	SiHOSiH

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### **2 OVERVIEW OF OTHER PROCESSES / EU LEGISLATION**

**Table: Completed or ongoing processes** 

RMOA		☐ Risk Management Option Analysis (RMOA)			
	Evaluation	☑ Compliance check, Final decision			
		☐ Testing proposal,			
ssses		☐ CoRAP and Substance Evaluation			
REACH Processes	Authorisation	☐ Candidate List			
REA		☐ Annex XIV			
	Restriction On The Striction On The Stri				
Harmonised C&L		☐ Annex VI (CLP) (see section 3.1)			
Processes der other EU legislation		☐ Plant Protection Products Regulation Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009			
Processes under other EU legislation		☐ Biocidal Product Regulation  Regulation (EU) 528/2012 and amendments			
vus tion		☐ Dangerous substances Directive Directive 67/548/EEC (NONS)			
Previous legislation	☐ Existing Substances Regulation Regulation 793/93/EEC (RAR/RRS)				
EP) holm ntion PS		☐ Assessment			
(UNEP) Stockholm convention (POPs		☐ In relevant Annex			
Other processes / EU legislation		$\square$ Other (provide further details below)			

D4 and D5 have been agreed to meet the PBT/vPvB criteria, and an Annex XV restriction dossier for D4, D5, D6 in progress, which may affect the supply of decamethyltetrasiloxane if this is used as a substitute in the future.

L2, L3, L4 and L5 are already undergoing substance evaluation.

#### 3 HAZARD INFORMATION (INCLUDING CLASSIFICATION)

#### 3.1 Classification

#### 3.1.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

There is no current harmonised classification for 1,1,1,3,5,5,5-heptamethyltrisiloxane.

#### 3.1.2 Self classification

• In the registrations:

Flam. Liq. 3 H226

Flam. Liq. 3 H225

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Eye Irrit. 2 H319

STOT SE 3 H335

 The following hazard classes are in addition notified among the aggregated selfclassifications in the C&L Inventory:

Flam. Liq. 2 H225

## 3.1.3 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

Not applicable

### 4 INFORMATION ON (AGGREGATED) TONNAGE AND USES<sup>1</sup>

### 4.1 Tonnage and registration status

Table: Tonnage and registration status

From ECHA dissemination site*						
⊠ Full registration(s) (Art. 10)			☑ Intermediate registration(s) (Art. 17 and/or 18)			
Tonnage band (as per dissemination site)						
□ 1 – 10 tpa □ 10			0 – 100 tpa 100 – 1000 tp			tpa
□ 1000 – 10,000 tpa □ 10,			000 - 100,000 tpa			- 1,000,000
☐ 1,000,000 - 10,000,000 ☐ 10,000,000 - 100,000,000 tpa			□ > 100,000,000 tpa			
⊠ 1000+ tpa					☐ Confiden	itial
Joint submission – full registration						
Dissemination site was accessed on 14.11.2018						
*the total tonnage band has been calculated by excluding the intermediate uses, for details see the Manual for Dissemination and Confidentiality under REACH Regulation (section 2.6.11):  https://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/22308542/manual dissemination en.pdf/7e0b8 7c2-2681-4380-8389-cd655569d9f0  4.2 Overview of uses  The substance is manufactured and/or imported in the EEA in quantities above 1000 tonnes, and is used as an on-site intermediate. There is also off-site use as a monomer/intermediate and laboratory reagent/chemical. These cover manufacture, industrial and professional use. There are no known consumer uses.  Part 1:						
		ductrial	⊠ Professional	Consumer	☐ Article	☐ Closed system
Manufacture Formulation Industrial Professional Consumer use use					Set vice tile	System

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5. JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE CORAP **SUBSTANCE** 5.1. Legal basis for the proposal ☐ Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation) **5.2. Selection criteria met** (why the substance qualifies for being in CoRAP) ☐ Fulfils criteria as CMR/ Suspected CMR  $\square$  Fulfils criteria as Sensitiser/ Suspected sensitiser ☐ Fulfils criteria as potential endocrine disrupter ☑ Fulfils criteria as PBT/vPvB / Suspected PBT/vPvB  $\Box$  Fulfils criteria high (aggregated) tonnage (tpa > 1000) ☐ Fulfils exposure criteria ☐ Fulfils MS's (national) priorities 5.3 Initial grounds for concern to be clarified under Substance **Evaluation** Hazard based concerns CMR Suspected CMR<sup>2</sup> ☐ Potential endocrine disruptor  $\square$  C  $\square$  M  $\square$  R  $\square$  C  $\square$  M  $\square$  R ☐ Sensitiser ☐ Suspected Sensitiser<sup>2</sup> ☐ Other (please specify below) ☐ PBT/vPvB Suspected PBT/vPvB² Exposure/risk based concerns ☐ Exposure of sensitive ☐ Consumer use ☐ Wide dispersive use populations ☐ Exposure of ☐ Exposure of workers ☐ Cumulative exposure environment ☐ High RCR ☐ High (aggregated) tonnage ☐ Other (please specify below) The substance screens as vPvB based on the results from a ready biodegradation study and predicted log Kow. The registrant's PBT assessment indicates the substance " The screening criteria for persistence (P/vP) in the sediment compartment are met." Characteristics of other siloxanes such as D4, D5 and HMDS (L2) suggest potential to be persistent in sediment. Therefore as well as clarifying P properties, sediment risks will also be investigated. Bioaccumulation data is read-across from octamethyltrisiloxane (L3), which has a high measured bioconcentration factor in fish (BCF = 7730 L/kg). Toxicity data to fulfill the chronic aquatic data for the T endpoints is also read-across from L3. This will need to be assessed as the lower homologue L2 (hexamethyldisiloxane) is known to be ecotoxic, whereas L3 does not exhibit aquatic toxicity.

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#### JUSTIFICATION DOCUMENT FOR THE SELECTION OF A CORAP SUBSTANCE

It is not known if 1,1,1,3,5,5,5-heptamethyltrisiloxane could be a potential replacement for D4 and D5, but the supply volume may increase if uses of those substances will be restricted. In addition, the CSRs will be examined to see how uses of the substances made from it have been considered (exposure scenarios should be included if the substance is an impurity or degradation product in products such as polymers).							
The evaluation will be targeted to the environment but during the PBT assessment the human health endpoints relevant to the T criterion will be assessed.							
5.4 Preliminary indication of information that may need to be requested to clarify the concern							
$\square$ Information on toxicological prop	erties	$\square$ Information on physico-chemical properties					
☐ Information on fate and behaviou	ır	☑ Information on exposure					
$oxed{oxed}$ Information on ecotoxicological p	roperties	$\square$ Information on uses					
$\square$ Information ED potential		$\square$ Other (provide further details below)					
Testing to assess persistence in sediment, for example OECD 308 Aerobic and Anaerobic Transformation in Aquatic Sediment Systems.							
Further information on releases from relevant parts of the life cycle (may include a request for monitoring data).							
Further data to clarify any sediment risks.							
5.5 Potential follow-up and link to risk management							
☐ Harmonised C&L ☐ Restriction	ı	uthorisation	☐ Other (provide further details)				
To be determined following substance evaluation.							

Suspected PBT: Potentially Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>CMR/Sensitiser</u>: known carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/known sensitising properties (according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification or CLP Inventory) <u>Suspected CMR/Suspected sensitiser</u>: suspected carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/suspected sensitising properties (not classified according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification)